



ЗАМЕТКИ

The First Records of *Terellia orheana* and *T. vectensis* (Diptera, Tephritidae) from Russia [Первые указания *Terellia orheana* и *T. vectensis* (Diptera, Tephritidae) из России]. — Two species of the genus *Terellia* Robineau-Desvoidy previously unknown from Russia were recently reared by the first author from plants collected in saline steppe near Mayskoye (50°16' N, 52°02' E) Pestravka Distr. (Samara Region). *Terellia orheana* Korneyev, 1990, a rare species associated with the semi-shrubs *Jurinea multiflora* (L.) B. Fedtsch. and *J. stoechadifolia* (Bieb.) DC. (Asteraceae), which was known from one locality in Republic of Moldova and another in southern Ukraine (Корнеев, 1990; Вестн. зоол. (5): 67; Korneyev, Merz, 2004, Fauna Europaea, <http://www.faunaeur.org>; Корнеев, Васильковская, 2005, Вестн. зоол. 39(1): 102; Korneyev, 2006), was reared ex flower heads of *Jurinea multiflora*, coll. 2.07.2001, exit 04.2002, ♂, 2 ♀ (Evstigneev leg.) Several specimens of this species were collected also in Ulyanovsk Region: Radishevo Distr., Vyazovka (52°55' N, 48°24' E), ex *J. multiflora*, 18.08.2001, exit 24.11.2001—25.03.2002). This is the easternmost and the first find of this species in Russia. *Terellia vectensis* (Collin, 1937) (syn. *Orellia pseudovirens* Hering, 1940) is widespread from southern England through Spain, France, Italy, Greece, Algeria, Cyprus, Israel, Algeria, Ukraine to the northern and western part of Kazakhstan, usually locally occurring species associated with various species of *Serratula* L. (Корнеев, 1982, Вестн. зоол. (2): 83, 1985, Энтомол. обзор. 64(3): 630; White, 1988, Handbooks Ident. Brit. Insects, 10(5a): 88; Freidberg, Kugler, 1989, Fauna Palaestinae: 162; Korneyev, Merz, 2004, Fauna Europaea, <http://www.faunaeur.org>; Корнеев, Васильковская, 2005, Вестн. зоол. 39(1): 102), reared ex flower heads of undetermined composite plant (possibly *Serratula* sp., coll. 10.08.2000, exit 9—28.04.2001, 3 ♂, 2 ♀; and *Serratula wolfii* Andrae [*S. coronata* aggr.], coll. 14.08, exit 15.11.2002, 3 ♂, 2 ♀; (Evstigneev leg.). This is the first find of this species in Russia. — **D. A. Evstigneev** (Ulyanovsk Higher Civil Aviation School, Russia), **V. A. Korneyev** (Schmalhausen Institute of Zoology, NAS of Ukraine, Kyiv).

Identity and Taxonomic Position of “*Parepicerella*” *soalia* (Diptera, Tephritidae) Previously Attributed to Pyrgotidae [Что такое “*Parepicerella*” *soalia* (Diptera, Tephritidae) и каково систематическое положение этого вида, первоначально отнесенного к Pyrgotidae?] — E. Séguy (1948, Notes ent. Chin. 12: 168) described an enigmatic fly named *Parepicerella soalia* Séguy from Laos. Later, as the name *Parepicerella* Hendel, 1934 was synonymized with *Epicerella* Macquart, 1851, the species name was placed in combination with the latter name, as *Epicerella soalia* in the subfamily Toxurinae (Steyskal, 1977, Catalogue of the Diptera of the Oriental Region, 3: 43). The latter subfamily, now considered the tribe Toxurini, is restricted to Australia and New Guinea, and no other species of it have been ever recorded from the Oriental Region. As the description of *P. soalia* was incomplete and not illustrated, its taxonomic position was vague until now. While preparing a revision of the Pyrgotidae of the Afrotropical and Oriental Regions, and a catalogue of the family worldwide, I had an opportunity to study the holotype specimen of *P. soalia* deposited in the Museum national d’histoire naturelle, Paris and found out that it actually is a misplaced tephritid fly of the genus *Galbifascia* Hardy, 1973 (Dacinae: Gastrozonini). It is transferred from the family Pyrgotidae to Tephritidae here. The type species of that genus, *G. sexpunctata* Hardy, 1973, was originally recorded from Laos, Vietnam, Thailand, Southern India (Hardy, 1973, Pacif. Ins. Monogr. 31: 248); D. L. Hancock and R. A. I. Drew (1999, J. Nat. Hist., 33: 719) synonymized it with *G. quadripunctata* Hardy, 1973 described from Sri Lanka and later recorded from Philippines (Hardy, 1974, Pacif. Ins. Monogr. 32: 175). The holotype of *P. soalia* has labels “Laos” [handwritten], “Museum Paris / ~~Lakoua~~ / Harmand 1878”, “*Parepicerella soalia* ♀ / E. Séguy vid. 48” and a yellow paper circle. The type specimen of *P. soalia* is certainly conspecific with *G. sexpunctata*. The following synonymy is established: *Galbifascia soalia* (Séguy, 1948), comb. n. = *G. sexpunctata* Hardy, 1973, syn. n. = *G. quadripunctata* Hardy, 1973, syn. n. Pyrgotid flies of the Toxurini do not occur beyond the Wallace’s Line. — **V. A. Korneyev** (Schmalhausen Institute of Zoology, NAS of Ukraine, Kyiv).